or notification of increased duties in accordance with §152.2.

- (b) Only for merchandise under port director's jurisdiction. The information shall be given only in regard to merchandise to be appraised by, or under the jurisdiction of, the port director who receives the request, and only with respect to merchandise for which there is presented evidence of a firm commitment or intent to import such merchandise into the United States.
- (c) Information by importer. Each request shall be accompanied by the latest information as to the values in question which the importer has or can reasonably obtain.
- (d) Information not binding. Value information shall be given by the port director only with an understanding and agreement in each case that the information is in no sense an appraisement and is not binding upon the port director's action when he appraises the merchandise.
- (e) No reply required after entry. The port director shall not be required to reply to a written request for value information after a value for the merchandise has been declared on entry unless he has information indicating a probable appraised value different from such entered value.

Subpart D—[Reserved]

Subpart E—Valuation of Merchandise

Source: T.D. 81-7, $46\ FR\ 2600$, Jan. 12, 1981, unless otherwise noted.

§152.100 Interpretative notes.

The interpretative notes set forth in this subpart have been derived from information contained in the Statement of Administrative Action relating to customs valuation, submitted to and approved by Congress along with the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (Pub. L. 96-39), and will have the force and effect of regulations issued under this subpart.

§152.101 Basis of appraisement.

(a) Effective date. The value for appraisement of merchandise exported to the United States on or after July 1, 1980, or, for articles classified under

- subheading 6401.10.00 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202), on or after July 1, 1981, will be determined in accordance with section 402, Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401a), as amended by section 201, Trade Agreements Act of 1979.
- (b) *Methods.* Imported merchandise will be appraised on the basis, and in the order, of the following:
- (1) The transaction value provided for in §152.103;
- (2) The transaction value of identical merchandise provided for in §152.104, if the transaction value cannot be determined, or can be determined but cannot be used because of the limitations provided for in §152.103(j);
- (3) The transaction value of similar merchandise provided for in §152.104, if the transaction value of identical merchandise cannot be determined;
- (4) The deductive value provided for in §152.105, if the transaction value of similar merchandise cannot be determined;
- (5) The computed value provided for in §152.106, if the deductive value cannot be determined; or
- (6) The value provided for in §152.107, if the computed value cannot be determined.
- (c) Importer's option. The importer may request the application of the computed value method before the deductive value method. The request must be made at the time the entry summary for the merchandise is filed with the port director (see §141.0a(b) of this chapter). If the importer makes the request, but the value of the imported merchandise cannot be determined using the computed value method, the merchandise will be appraised using the deductive value method if it is possible to do so. If the deductive value cannot be determined, the appraised value will be determined as provided for in §152.107.
- (d) Explanation to importer. Upon receipt of a written request from the importer within 90 days after liquidation, the port director shall provide a reasonable and concise written explanation of how the value of the imported merchandise was determined. The explanation will apply only to the imported merchandise being appraised